

FACULTY OF HEALTH, APPLIED SCIENCES AND NATURAL RESOURCES

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SCIENCES

QUALIFICATION: BACHELOR OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SCIENCES		
QUALIFICATION CODE: 08 BOHS	LEVEL: 5	
COURSE NAME: HOUSING AND HEALTH	COURSE CODE: HAH 521S	
SESSION: JANUARY 2023	PAPER: THEORY	
DURATION: 3 HOURS	MARKS: 120	

SUPPLEMENTARY / SECOND OPPORTUNITY EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER			
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MODERATOR:	MR IMMANUEL ZERIAPI		

INSTRUCTIONS		
	1.	Answer all the questions in Section A, B and C
	2.	Write clearly and neatly.
	3.	Number the answers clearly.

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF 5 PAGES (Including this front page)

SECTION A [30 MARKS]

QUESTION 1 (10 Marks)

1.0 Indicate if the statement is true or false.

1.1	When you build a house, the minimum height should be 1.5 m in the South because,				
	people at the South are short and 2.5 m at the East because people in the East.				
	are big and tall.	[1]			
1.2	A gutter does not collect the rainwater and transports it to the stormwater drains.	[1]			
1.3	Oil paint is a requirement at the informal settlement and formal houses.	[1]			
1.4	Building toilets for the community falls under secondary care for HIV AIDS patients.	[1]			
1.5	Overcrowding in an informal settlement increases the hypertension in the				
	community and decreases the Tuberculosis in the community.	[1]			
1.6	The coloring of red materials on the building plan indicates a water pipe .	[1]			
1.7	The structure of the houses in Havana informal settlement contributed to the high				
	reported swine flu cases in Havana.	[1]			
1.8	The external walls minimum width should be not less than 220mm.	[1]			
1.9	A public swimming pool is an important facility in a town.	[1			
1.10	Any town should have a police station for proper town planning.	[1]			

QUESTION 2

(10 Marks)

2. 0 Match the term in Column A with the correct description in Column B.

[10]

COLUMN A	COLUMN B	
2.1 Basic urban zones	A. Planning" is concern about the future; in its broadest sense being the future health, wealth and welfare of a given community or population.	[1]
2.2 Village	B. An isolated settlement consisting of one house	[1]
2.3 Farm	C. A settlement with a few services such as a church, public house, and a small shop.	[1]
2.4 Evaluation	D. A settlement of only a few houses with no services.	[1]
2.5 City	E. Outcome indicators measure the long-term effect of the activity on the target population.	[1]
2.6 Cartographer	F. An action whereby an existing formal or informal settlement is regularized to provide a form of security of tenure or where new or additional municipal services are installed or a combination of these is pursued.	[1]
2.7 Town	G. It is the systematic investigation of the worth or merit of a project or programme	[1]
2.8 Outcome indicators	H. A very large settlement with a large railway station, shopping complex, cathedral, large hospital, museum university and office blocks	[1]
2.9 Upgrading	I. A person that draws maps	[1]
2.10 Town/Land Use Planning	J. An Urban zones fall into one of five major categories: residential, institutional, commercial, industrial and public open spaces	[1]

QUESTION 3 (10 Marks)

	escribe in one word or a few sentences the following words to the pre-primary pupil	s.
3.1	Primary Health Care	[1]
3.2	Contamination	[1]
3.3	Microorganisms	[1]
3.4	Sanitation	[1]
3.5	Sewage	[1]
3.6	Hygiene	[1]
3.7	Diarrhoea	[1]
3.8	Conducive Environment	[1]
3.9	Ventilation	[1]
3.10	Illumination	[1]
	SECTION B (50 MARKS)	
QUE	STION 4 (30 Marks)	
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4.0 W	rite short notes on the following:	
	4.1 Doors	[6]
	4.2. Foundation	
		[2]
	4.3 Pipes	[2] [8]
	4.3 Pipes 4.4 Drains	
		[8]
	4.4 Drains	[8] [4]
QUE	4.4 Drains	[8] [4]
QUE 5.1	4.4 Drains 4.5 Walls	[8] [4]
	4.4 Drains 4.5 Walls STION 5 (20 Marks)	[8] [4]

SECTION C [40 MARKS]

QUES	TION 6	(20 Marks)	
6.0	Discuss the elements	which categorise a healthy house.	[20]
QUES	TION 7	(20 Marks)	
7.0	Differentiate betwee	n formal and informal settlements.	[20]

GOOD LUCK